

Home Care Reference guide (primarily Medicaid funded)

Certified Home Health Agency (CHHA) - a home care services agency which possesses a valid certificate of approval issued pursuant to the provisions of Article 36 of the Public Health Law, or a residential health care facility or hospital possessing a valid operating certificate issued under Article 28 of the Public Health Law, which is authorized under Article 36 to provide a long-term home health care program. CHHAs can bill Medicaid for services provided. Personal care staffs are called **Home Health Aides (may be referred to as Home Attendants before transition to Medicaid is completed)**

Consumer Directed Personal Assistance Program (CDPAP)—ADL assistance or skilled nursing services to chronically ill or physically disabled individuals who have a medical need for help. The consumer or designee must also be responsible for recruiting, hiring, training, supervising and terminating caregivers and must arrange for back-up coverage when necessary, arrange and coordinate other services; and keep payroll records. Employees may have a variety of titles.

EISEP (State and local funding) - assists older people (aged 60 and older) with personal care (such as dressing, bathing, grooming) and shopping and cooking. Clients ARE NOT eligible for Medicaid and pay sliding scale fees. Services may include case management, non-institutional respite, ancillary services and other community services

Homemaking - services include training and support to families in child care and household management (i.e. light cleaning, meal preparation, and grocery shopping). These services are directed toward the well child(ren) of the parent who needs home care. Direct care staffs are called **Homemakers**.

Home Attendant Services - personal care assistance with "activities of daily living" such as bathing, dressing, ambulation, transfer assistance, toileting, grooming, meal preparation and light cleaning of patient care area. Employees are called **Home Attendants**.

Home Health Aides- personal care assistance with "activities of daily living" such as bathing, dressing, ambulation, transfer assistance, toileting, grooming, meal preparation and light cleaning of patient care area, intermittent health care and support services to individuals who need intermediate and skilled health care . HHAs are required to complete a State approved training program and receive certification upon successful completion.

Hospice care –program that provides care to terminally ill individuals that focuses on easing symptoms rather than treating disease. Services include nursing and physician services, medical social services, counseling (including nutrition and bereavement counseling), and physical and occupational therapy. In addition, hospice can provide home health aide and homemaker services, medical supplies and appliances, speech therapy and short-term inpatient care.

Housekeeping Services - services are limited to 8 hours/week and provide assistance with shopping, cooking, cleaning, laundry and other household chores when needed because of disability. They do not provide assistance with "activities of daily living" (ADLs).

Licensed Home Care Service Agencies (LHCSAs) provide hourly nursing care and homemaker, housekeeper, personal-care attendants and other health and social services. They cannot bill Medicaid for services; they subcontract with CHHAs, local social service agencies or bill private insurance.

Long Term Home Health Care Programs— (Lombardi/LTHHCP, includes AIDS LTHHCP, Traumatic Brain Injury (TBI), Nursing Home Transition & Diversion Waiver (NHTDW) and Care at Home) all regular home care services provided at home PLUS case management by RNs, Home delivered or congregate meals, housing improvements and moving assistance, respiratory therapy, medical social services, nutrition and dietary services, respite care, social day care and social transportation. Clients are infirm or disabled persons who are medically eligible for placement in a hospital or

residential health care facility and who would require such placement for an extended period of time if such program were unavailable; now only available through an MLTC. Direct care staffs are called **Personal Care Workers**.

Managed Long Term Care programs (MLTC) - are insurance plans that are paid a monthly premium ("capitation") by the New York Medicaid program to approve and provide Medicaid home care. The plan decide whether you need Medicaid home care, how many hours you may receive, arrange and pay for the care by a network of providers with which the plan contracts. As of November 2012, any applicant over age 21 who HAS MEDICAID AND MEDICARE, with a few exceptions, may no longer apply to the CASA offices for Medicaid PCS. They must instead enroll in Managed Long Term Care plans.